

$$f(x) = \frac{1 - x^2}{e^x} (e^{-x})$$

010000
$$f(x)$$
 000 x 00000 $y = f(x)$ 0 $x = x$ 000000

010000
$$f(x)$$
 00000000 $y = f(x)$ 0000000000

$$010000 y = f(x) 00 (00 f(0)) 0000000$$

$$20000 f(x) = m(m<0) 00000000 X_0 X_2 0000 | X - X_2 | < 2 + m_0$$

 $0100\,{}^{a}0\,{}^{b}0$

$$30000 \ X_{000} \ f(x) = m(m > 0) \ 000000 \ X_{0} \ X_{2} \ 000 \ X_{0} \ X_{2} \ 0000 \ X_{0} \ X_{1} + \frac{m(1 - 2e)}{1 - e} \ 0$$

$$5 \mod f(x) = (x^2 - x)e^x$$

$$010000 \stackrel{\mathcal{Y}=f(X)}{=} 0000000000$$

0200
$$f(x) - ax + e.0$$
0000000 a 000000

$$30000 f(x) = m(m \in R) = m(x \in R) = m(x \in R) = m + 1$$

$$600000 \ f(x) = (x-1)h(x+1)_{000} \ y = f(x)_{00} \ (1,0)_{0000000} \ y = kx + h(k)_{00} \ k = k + h(k)_$$

 $_{\square 1 \square \square}{}^{k_{\square}}{}^{b_{\square \square \square}}$

$$300000 g(x) = f(x) + m(m \in R) \frac{1}{00000} X_0 X_0 X_0 = \frac{1}{2} X_1 x_2 - \frac{1}{2} X_1 x_3 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{m}{100} \frac{1}{100} \frac{m}{100} \frac{m}$$

$$3000 = 100000 \times 1000 = M_{00000000000} \times 10^{-1} \times 10$$

800000
$$f(x) = (x+1)(e^x-1)_{\square}$$

$$_{\square 1 \square \square} \xrightarrow{f(x)} _{\square \square} (-1_{\square} \xrightarrow{f(-1)}) _{\square \square \square \square \square \square \square}$$

$$20000 f(x) = b_{000000} x_0 x_2 x_2 x_3 x_4 < x_2 x_4 x_2 x_3 x_4 + \frac{b + c + 1}{3c - 1} + \frac{cb}{c - 1}$$

90000
$$f(x) = (x+1)(e^x - 1)$$

$$0100 \stackrel{f(x)}{=} 00 \stackrel{(-1_0 f(-1))}{=} 0000000$$

$$2000 \stackrel{f(x)...ax}{=} R_{000000} \stackrel{a}{=} 000$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 10000000 \ f(x) = (x+b)(e^x - a)_{0}(b>0)_{00}(-1_{0}f(-1))_{0000000}(e^{-1})x + ey + e^{-1} = 0_{0} \\ \\ 0100 \ a_{0}b_{0} \\ \\ 0110000 \ f(x) = m_{000000}x_{0}x_{0}x_{0} = 0 \\ \\ 0110000 \ f(x) = m_{000000}x_{0}x_{0} = 0 \end{array}$$

$$110000 f(x) = x ln x_0$$

$$010000 \mathcal{Y} = f(x) 00 (\mathcal{C}^2 0 f(\mathcal{C}^2)) 0000000$$

$$20000 X_{000} f(x) = a_{00000000} X_{0} X_{2} (X_{1} < X_{2})_{0000} X_{2} - X_{1} < 1 + 2a + e^{2}$$

120000
$$f(x) = 2\sin x - x^2 + 2\tau x - a_0$$

$$0 = 0 = 0 = f(x) = 0 = 0 = 0$$

$$\lim_{n\to\infty} f(x) = \lim_{n\to\infty} X_1 = X_2 =$$

1300000
$$f(x) = nx - x^n$$
 $x \in R_{000} n \in N_0 n.2_0$

$$300 n = 50000 X_{000} f(x) = d(a_{0000000000} X_{0} X_{0} X_{0}) = 4 (a_{0000000000} X_{0} X_{0} X_{0} X_{0}) = 4 (a_{0000000000} X_{0} X_{0} X_{0} X_{0} X_{0}) = 4 (a_{00000000000} X_{0} X_$$

1400000 $f(x) = nx - x^n$ $x \in R_{000} n \in N_{00} n.2_0$

01000 ^{f(x)}00000

 $= f(x) = X_0 = 0$

 $\lim_{n\to\infty} X_{n} = a(a_{n} - a_{n}) = a(a_{n} - a_{n$

 $1500000 \stackrel{f(x)}{=} 4x \stackrel{A}{\longrightarrow} x \stackrel{A}{\longrightarrow} R_{\square}$

 $\prod_{n \in \mathbb{N}} f(x) = d(a_{n \cap n \cap n \cap n \cap n} X_{n} X$



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